SAMPLE



ISSUE NUMBER: 12-23

PUBLISHED ON: 07 Dec 2023



CHINA STEEL INTELLIGENCE REPORT

China watches India gain momentum

WWW.KALLANISH.COM © KALLANISH LTD 2023



IN THIS MONTH'S ISSUE

China watches India gain momentum



EDITORIAL PAGE 2

Figure 1. Steel production and demand 2019-2023

Figure 2. Indian output rises as China's momentum fades

Figure 3. Indian apparent steel consumption to grow

Figure 4. India is now driving Australian coking coal volatility

Figure 5. Indian net iron ore exports

Figure 6. Indian scrap imports jumped this year

Figure 7. Indian power supply growth driven by renewables

Figure 8. Chinese power supply growth was dominated by coal

Figure 9. Indian steel exports fluctuate higher

Figure 10. India and China see direct trade competition

Table 1. Supply and Demand



SUPPLY & DEMAND
PAGE 8

Figure 11. Crude steel output remains firm

Figure 12. CISA output tails off in November



END USERS
PAGE 9

Figure 13. Real estate investment growth

Figure 14. Automotive steel demand

Figure 15. White goods demand

Figure 16. Shipbuilding completions

Figure 17. Construction machinery steel demand



TRADE
PAGE 13

Figure 12. China's cross-border steel trade

Figure 13. Chinese exports by region

Figure 14. Chinese exports to top 15 countries

Figure 15. Chinese exports by product

Figure 16. Chinese HRC exports

Figure 17. Chinese plate exports

Figure 18. Chinese bar exports

Figure 19. Chinese imports by region

Figure 20. Chinese imports to top 15 countries

Figure 21. Chinese imports by product

Figure 22. Chinese HRC imports

Figure 23. Chinese semis imports



Table 4 & Figure 24. Chinese Longs prices

Table 5 & Figure 25. Chinese Flats prices

Table 6 & Figure 26. Chinese Raw Materials prices

WWW.KALLANISH.COM © KALLANISH LTD 2023





CHINA WATCHES INDIA GAIN MOMENTUM

BY TOMAS GUTIERREZ

A recent Kallanish research trip to India was filled with comparisons to China in an earlier phase of its development. The two countries however are very different, and their steel industries face different challenges. They have access to different raw materials, have different social structures, different global relationships, and are growing at different phases in the global industry and different international policy environments.

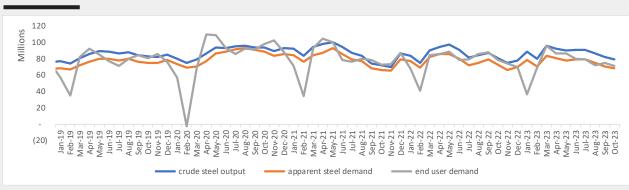
The comparison between the two can be useful however, to both countries. In this issue we look at some of the interesting contrasts and comparisons which will have growing importance to the global steel industry in the coming decade.

TABLE 1. SUPPLY AND DEMAND

	2022	Jan-Oct 2023	Ү-о-у	2023 Outlook	Ү-о-у
Official crude steel output	1,015	875	1.40%	1,027	1.30%
Apparent consumption	913	762	-2.00%	927	1.70%
End user demand	918	749	-3.32%	924	0.90%

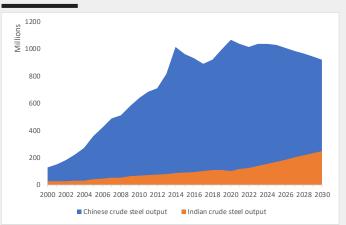
Source: Kallanish. Million Tonnes

FIGURE 1. STEEL PRODUCTION AND DEMAND 2019-2023



Source: Kallanish. Million Tonnes

FIGURE 2. INDIAN OUTPUT RISES AS CHINA'S MOMENTUM FADES



Source: Worldsteel, Kallanish

Growth in India's steel sector has accelerated in recent years. Although some countries have seen a post-Covid rebound, India is shifting to what appears to be a more sustainably rapid growth in steel demand. India is now producing about as much steel as China was in 2000-2001, and it also has similar demographic prospects. There is a wave of young Indians ready to drive economic growth for many years.

The Indian government meanwhile has ambitious infrastructure plans. The capital investment budget is now at 3.3% of GDP, and the National Infrastructure Pipeline has outlined \$1.4 trillion of planned investment across 7,400 key projects. This is driving steady growth in Indian steel demand. India has elections in 2024, but the working assumption across most of the industry seems to be that intensive infrastructure investment will continue under any new government. From 114.9mt in 2022, Indian apparent steel demand is expected to reach 124mt in 2023 and 132mt in 2024, according to the Indian Steel Association.

The mood in India is very bullish. The producers, traders, associations, analysts and raw materials suppliers Kallanish met all said they expected rapid development in both steel demand and production. India is targeting 300m t/y of steel capacity by 2030. It may not hit that number, but most agreed they would reach at least 75-85% of the target, and perhaps more. Capacity is being installed at pace by all the major domestic steelmakers.





Coking coal

There remain challenges to this growth however. Raw materials are one key factor, and one important difference from China. China has plentiful coking coal resources, and can additionally import from Mongolia and Russia, but it has very limited high grade iron ore reserves. India however, is far better



...email sales@kallanish.com

SAMPLE





Do you want to keep reading?

SUBSCRIBE TO THE KALLANISH CHINA STTEL INTELLIGENCE REPORT

China Steel Intelligence is a monthly report put together by our expert team of analysts based in Shanghai. If you are already a subscriber to KallanishSteel you qualify for an additional discount. The pricing options for 12 month subscriptions are available below.

Option 1: CSI US\$ 4600

Option 2:CSI, KallanishSteel Subscriber RateUS\$ 3910SAVE 15%Option 3:CSI + KallanishSteel BundleUS\$ 7390SAVE 15%

Every month you will receive: PDF Report, Excel statistical supplement, 20-25 pages, Supply and demand forecasts, End use sector data, Trade data, Macro economic overview.

CONTACT KALLANISH

If you found this China Steel Intelligence interesting please let us know, we would love to hear from you. Please send your feedback to the editorial team: editorial@kallanish.com No distribution is permitted without the prior consent of Kallanish. To find out about multiple user accounts or corporate subscription packages please contact us on info@kallanish.com or on +44 208 735 6520. Use of any information or material provided by Kallanish is entirely at your risk and in no circumstances is Kallanish responsible for any loss, damage or other negative consequence of use of information or material by you or anyone else.